

# AGIOLAX®

SCHEDULING STATUS S0**PROPRIETARY NAME AND DOSAGE FORM****AGIOLAX®** (granules)**COMPOSITION**

5 g of granules contains

Seeds of Plantago ovata	2,60 g
Ispaghula husk	0,11 g

Tinnevely senna pods 0,34 - 0,66 g (corresponds to 15 mg sennoside B)

Inactive ingredients include: Talc, acacia, ferric oxides, paraffin, aromatics

Contains sugar: sucrose (approx. 1,05 g equivalent to 0,09 bread units).

**5 g granules = 7 ml = approximately 1 heaped medicine measure****PHARMACOLOGICAL CLASSIFICATION**

A 11.5 Laxatives

**PHARMACOLOGICAL ACTION**

A characteristic of **Aginolax®** is that its mode of action includes both bulk-forming properties and a stimulant effect. The bulk forming properties of Plantago ovata and Ispaghula husk increase the mass and water content of the stool, thereby accelerating colonic transit. The stimulant effect of Senna acts on the intestinal wall to increase the peristaltic movements of the colon.

**INDICATIONS**

For relief of constipation.

**CONTRAINDICATIONS**

Hypersensitivity to the ingredients. Intestinal obstruction, or conditions likely to lead to intestinal obstruction. Undiagnosed abdominal symptoms.

**WARNINGS**

**Aginolax®** should not be used if there is abdominal pain, nausea or vomiting.

Laxatives should not be taken by patients with intestinal obstruction or with undiagnosed abdominal symptoms.

If a change in bowel habit occurs and persists for more than two weeks, a medical practitioner should be consulted to determine the cause.

Rectal bleeding or inability to have a bowel movement after the use of a laxative may indicate a serious condition. Discontinue use and consult a medical practitioner.

Inadequate fluid intake may cause obstruction of the bowel.

**Aginolax®** should not be used for a period longer than one week, unless directed by a medical practitioner. Frequent or prolonged use of laxatives, including **Aginolax®**, may result in loss of normal bowel function and dependence.

Contains sucrose. Patients with rare hereditary conditions such as fructose intolerance, glucose-galactose mal-absorption or sucraseisomaltase insufficiency should not take **Aginolax®**. Contains sucrose which may have an effect on the glycaemic control of patients with diabetes mellitus.

**INTERACTIONS**

In cases of chronic use/abuse potassium deficiency may potentiate the action of cardiac glycosides and may affect the action of antidiarrhythmic agents.

Potassium loss may be aggravated in combination with certain medicines e.g. which increase the urine output (diuretics), cortisone and cortisone-like substances (adrenocortical steroids) and liquorice root.

Intestinal absorption of medicines taken at the same time may be delayed or reduced.

In insulin-dependent diabetics it may be necessary to reduce the insulin dose.

**PREGNANCY AND LACTATION****Pregnancy**

During the first three months of pregnancy, **Aginolax®** should be used only if constipation cannot be remedied by a change in diet or with the aid of bulking agents. It should only be used after consultation with a medical practitioner.

**Lactation**

Breakdown products of senna pods, such as rhein have a laxative action and pass in small amounts into the maternal milk.

**DOSAGE AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

The granules should be swallowed with a full glass of liquid (preferably water).

The granules should not be chewed or dissolved, but swallowed whole.

**Adults and children 12 years and older:****(5 g granules = 7 ml = approximately 1 heaped medicine measure.)**

5 g to 10 g (half to one sachet) after the evening meal. If necessary the same dose should be taken before breakfast.

**Note for diabetics:**

5 g of **Aginolax®** contains approximately 1,05 g sucrose.

**SIDE EFFECTS AND SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS****Side effects**

Very rare (< 0,01 %): Hypersensitivity reactions to Plantago ovata, oesophageal obstructions, spasmodic gastrointestinal complaints such as colic or cramps can be caused by senna, and reversible pseudomelanosis coli following chronic use, which, as a rule, recedes after discontinuation of the preparation.

**Special Precautions**

**Aginolax®** should be taken with adequate liquid to prevent faecal impaction and oesophageal obstruction. **Aginolax®** lowers the transit time through the gut and could interfere with the absorption of other substances. Bulk laxatives increase flatulence and distension.

Prolonged use or overdosage can result in diarrhoea with excessive loss of water and electrolytes, particularly potassium. Potassium loss can produce disorders of cardiac function and myasthenia, in particular when cardiac glycosides, diuretics and adrenocortical steroids are taken concurrently. In the case of chronic use, albuminuria and haematuria can occur. There is also the possibility of developing an atonic non-functioning colon.

Antraquinone derivatives may colour the urine yellowish-brown at acid pH, and red at alkaline pH, and may interfere with diagnostic tests.

Patients with inflammatory bowel disease must be monitored.

**KNOWN SYMPTOMS OF OVERDOSAGE AND PARTICULARS OF ITS TREATMENT**

Treatment is symptomatic and supportive.

**IDENTIFICATION**

Small-grained, medium brown granules with an aromatic odour.

**PRESENTATION**

Containers of 100 g, 250 g, 400 g and 1000 g and packs of 4 x 10 g or 30 x 10 g sachets.

**STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS**

Store at or below 25 °C. Keep container tightly closed.

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN****REGISTRATION NUMBER**

E/11.5/0988

**NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS OF THE HOLDER OF THE CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION**

**XIXIA PHARMACEUTICALS (PTY) LTD**  
4 Brewery Street, Isando, Kempton Park, 1600  
Republic of South Africa

**DATE OF PUBLICATION OF THE PACKAGE INSERT**

02 March 2012

Namibia Reg. No.: 90/11.5/00508



The granules should not be chewed or dissolved, but should be swallowed whole with plenty of liquid.

[www.mylansa.co.za](http://www.mylansa.co.za)

# AGIOLAX®

SKEDULERINGSSTATUS SO**EIENDOMSNAAM EN DOSERVORM**

AGIOLAX® (korrels)

**SAMESTELLING**

5 g korrels bevat:

Sade van Plantago ovata	2,60 g
Ispaghula doppe	0,11 g

Tinnevelly senna-peule 0,34 g - 0,66 g (gelykstaande aan 15 mg sennosied-B)

Onaktiewe bestanddele sluit in:

Talk, akasia, ysteroksidies, paraffien, aromatiese middels

Bevat suiker: sukrose (ongeveer 1,05 g ekwivalent aan 0,09 broodeenhede).

**5 g korrels = 7 ml = ongeveer 1 opgehoopte medisynemaat****FARMAKOLOGIESE KLASSEKASIE**

A. 11.5 Lakseermiddels

**FARMAKOLOGIESE WERKING**

'n Kenmerk van **Agiolax®** is dat sy werkingsmetode beide massavormende eienskappe en 'n stimulerende effek insluit. Die massavormende eienskappe van Plantago ovata en Ispaghula doppe vermeerder die massa- en waterinhoud van die stoelgang, waardeur beweging deur die kolon versnel word. Die stimulerende effek van Senna werk op die dermwand om die peristaltiese bewegings van die kolon te vermeerder.

**INDIKASIES**

Vir die verligting van hardlywigheid.

**KONTRA-INDIKASIES**

Hipersensitiwiteit teenoor die bestanddele. Intestinale obstruksie, of toestande wat geneig is om tot intestinale obstruksie te lei. Ongediagnoseerde abdominale simptome.

**WAARSKUWINGS**

**Agiolax®** behoort nie gebruik te word indien daar abdominale pyn, naarheid en braking teenwoordig is nie. Lakseermiddels behoort nie deur pasiënte met intestinale obstruksie of met ongediagnoseerde abdominale simptome geneem te word nie.

Indien 'n verandering in ontlasting voorkom en vir langer as twee weke aanhou, behoort 'n mediese praktisyn geraadpleeg te word om die oorsaak vas te stel.

Rektale bloeding of onvermoë om te ontlaas na die gebruik van 'n lakseermiddel, mag 'n ernstige toestand aandui. Staak gebruik en raadpleeg 'n mediese praktisyn.

Onvoldoende vloeistofinnam mag obstruksie van die derm veroorsaak.

Bevat sukrose. Pasiënte met seldsame oorerlike probleme soos fruktose intoleransie, glukose-galakotose wanabsorpsie of sukrase-isomaltase ontoereikendheid, moet nie **Agiolax®** neem nie.

Bevat sukrose, wat 'n effek mag hê op die glisemiese beheer van pasiënte met diabetes mellitus.

**INTERAKSIES**

In gevalle van chroniese gebruik/misbruik mag kaliumgebrek die werking van kardiaale glikosiede potensieer en die werking van antidiaritmiese middels afkeer.

Verlies van kalium mag in kombinasie met sekere medisyne, bv. diuretika, kortisoen en kortisoen-agtige stowwe (adrenokortikale steroiede) en soetwortel, vererger word.

Intestinale absorpsie van medisyne wat gelyktydig geneem word, mag verlaag of verminder word. By insulien-afhanklike diabetese moet dit nodig wees om die insulien dosis te verminder.

**SWANGERSKAP EN LAKTASIE****Swangerskap**

Tydens die eerste drie maande van swangerskap, behoort **Agiolax®** slegs gebruik te word indien hardlywigheid nie deur 'n verandering in dieet of met behulp van massavormende middels herstel kan word nie. Dit behoort slegs na konsultasie met 'n mediese praktisyn, gebruik te word.

**Laktasie**

Afbraakprodukte van senna-peule, soos rhein het 'n lakseringswerking en klein hoeveelhedeword na die moeder se melk oorgedra.

**DOSIS EN GEBRUIKSAANWYSINGS**

Die korrels behoort met 'n vol glas vloeistof (verkieleslik water) ingesluk te word. Die korrels behoort heel ingesluk te word en nie gekou of opgelos nie.

**Volwassenes en kinders van 12 jaar en ouer:****(5 g korrels = 7 ml = ongeveer 1 opgehoopte medisynemaat.)**

5 g tot 10 g ('n halwe tot een sakkie) na aandete. Indien nodig kan dieselfde dosis voor ontbyt geneem word.

**Nota aan diabetese:** 5 g **Agiolax®** bevat ongeveer 1,05 g sukrose.**NEWE-EFFEKTE EN SPESIALE VOORSORGMATREËLS:****Neuwe-effekte**

Baie seldsaam (< 0,01 %): Hipersensitiwiteitsreaksies teenoor Plantago ovata, esofageale obstruksies, spasmodiese gastrointestinale klagtes soos koliek of krampe kan deur senna veroorsaak word, en omkeerbare pseudomelanosis coli na chroniese gebruik, wat gewoonlik na staking van die preparaat afneem.

**Spesiale Voorsorgmaatreëls**

**Agiolax®** behoort met geneegsame vloeistof geneem te word om fekale impaksie en esofageale obstruksie te voorkom. **Agiolax®** verminder die deurgang deur die derm en kan moontlik inmeng met die absorpsie van ander stowwe. Massavormende lakseermiddels vermeerder winde en uitsetting.

Verlengde gebruik of oordosering kan diarree veroorsaak met oormatige verlies van water en elektroliete, veral kalium. Verlies van kalium kan versteurings van hartfunksie en miastenie veroorsaak, veral indien kardiaale glikosiede, diuretika en adrenokortikale steroiede gelyktydig geneem word. In die geval van chroniese gebruik, kan albuminurie en hematurie voorkom. Daar bestaan ook 'n moontlikheid dat 'n atoniese nie-funksionerende kolon mag ontwikkel.

Antrakinoon-derivate mag die urine by 'n suur pH geel-bruin verkleur, en by 'n alkaliese pH rooi verkleur, en mag met diagnostiese toetse inmeng.

Pasiënte met inflammatoriese dermsiekte moet gemoniteer word.

**BEKENDE SIMPTOME VAN OORDOSERING EN BESONDERHEDE VAN DIE BEHANDELING DAARVAN**

Behandeling is simptomaties en ondersteunend.

**IDENTIFIKASIE**

Klein gekorrelde, medium bruin korrels met 'n aromatiese geur.

**AANBIEDING**

Houers van 100 g, 250 g, 400 g & 1000 g en pakke van 4 x 10 g of 30 x 10 g sakkies.

**BEWARINGSINSTRUKSIES**

Bewaar teen of benede 25 °C. Die houer moet dig gesluit gehou word.

**HOU BUIE BEREIK VAN KINDERS****REGISTRASIE-NOMMER**

E/11.5/0988

**NAAM EN BESIGHEIDSDRES VAN DIE HOUER VAN DIE REGISTRASIESERTIFIKAAT:**

XIXIA PHARMACEUTICALS (PTY) LTD

4 Brewery Street, Isando, Kempton Park, 1600  
Republiek van Suid-Afrika

**DATUM VAN PUBLIKASIE VAN DIE VOUBILJET**

02 Maart 2012

Namibië Reg. Nr.: 90/11.5.00508



Die korrels behoort nie gekou of opgelos te word nie, maar moet heel, met baie vloeistof, ingesluk word.

56ZA2149261-00 / 902782

www.mylansa.co.za