PATIENT INFORMATION LEAFLET

NINTEDANIB CIPLA

SCHEDULING STATUS: S4

NINTEDANIB 100 CIPLA (100 mg Capsules)

120,40 mg nintedanib esylate equivalent to 100 mg nintedanib

NINTEDANIB 150 CIPLA (150 mg Capsules)

180,60 mg nintedanib esylate equivalent to 150 mg nintedanib

Sugar free

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start using NINTEDANIB CIPLA because it contains important information for you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor, pharmacist, nurse, or other health care provider.
- NINTEDANIB CIPLA has been prescribed for you personally and you should not share your medicine with other people. It may harm them, even if their symptoms are the same as yours.

What is in this leaflet:

1. What NINTEDANIB CIPLA is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you use NINTEDANIB CIPLA
3. How to use NINTEDANIB CIPLA
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store NINTEDANIB CIPLA

6. Contents of the pack and other information.

1. What NINTEDANIB CIPLA is and what it is used for

- NINTEDANIB CIPLA contains the active substance nintedanib and it is used for the treatment of Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis (IPF), other chronic fibrosing interstitial lung diseases (ILDs) with a progressive phenotype and systemic sclerosis associated interstitial lung disease (SSc-ILD) in adults.
- **Idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF):** IPF is a condition in which the tissue in your lungs becomes thickened, stiff and scarred over time. As a result, scarring reduces the ability to transfer oxygen from the lungs into the bloodstream and it becomes difficult to breathe deeply. NINTEDANIB CIPLA helps to reduce further scarring and stiffening of the lungs.
- Other chronic fibrosing interstitial lung diseases (ILDs) with a progressive phenotype besides IPF, there are other conditions in which the tissue in your lungs becomes thickened, stiff, and scarred over time (lung fibrosis) and keeps worsening (progressive phenotype). Examples of these conditions are hypersensitivity pneumonitis, autoimmune ILDs (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis associated ILD), idiopathic nonspecific interstitial pneumonia, unclassifiable idiopathic interstitial pneumonia, and other ILDs. NINTEDANIB CIPLA helps to reduce further scarring and stiffening of the lungs.
- Systemic sclerosis associated interstitial lung disease (SSc-ILD) Systemic sclerosis (SSc), also known as scleroderma, is a rare chronic autoimmune disease that affects connective tissue in many parts of the body. SSc causes fibrosis (scarring and stiffening) of the skin and other internal organs such as the lungs. When the lungs are affected by fibrosis, it is called interstitial lung disease (ILD), and so the condition is called SSc-ILD. Fibrosis in the lungs reduces the ability to transfer oxygen into the bloodstream, and breathing capacity is reduced. NINTEDANIB CIPLA helps to reduce further scarring and stiffening of the lungs.

2. What you need to know before you take NINTEDANIB CIPLA

- **Do not take NINTEDANIB CIPLA**

  - if you are hypersensitive (allergic) to nintedanib, peanut or soya, or any of the other ingredients of NINTEDANIB CIPLA (listed in **section 6**).

  - if you are pregnant.

Warnings and precautions

- **Take special care and talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking NINTEDANIB CIPLA:**
  - if you have or ever had liver problems,
  - if you have or ever had problems with your kidney, or if an increased amount of protein has been detected in your urine,
  - if you have or ever had bleeding problems,
  - if you take medicines (such as warfarin, phenprocoumon or heparin) to prevent blood clotting,
  - if you take pirfenidone as this may increase the risk of having diarrhoea, nausea, vomiting and liver problems,
  - if you have or ever had problems with your heart (for example a heart attack) as your doctor will do tests to monitor your heart function,
  - if you have recently had surgery. NINTEDANIB CIPLA may affect the way your wounds heal. Therefore, your treatment with NINTEDANIB CIPLA will usually be stopped for a while if you are having a surgery. Your doctor will decide when to resume your treatment with NINTEDANIB CIPLA,
  - if you have high blood pressure,

- if you have abnormally high blood pressure in the blood vessels of the lungs (pulmonary hypertension),
- if you have or have had an aneurysm (enlargement and weakening of a blood vessel wall) or a tear in a blood vessel wall.

Based on this information your doctor may do some blood tests, for example to check your liver function. Your doctor will discuss the results of these tests with you and decide whether you may receive NINTEDANIB CIPLA.

- Inform your doctor immediately while taking NINTEDANIB CIPLA:

- if you get diarrhoea. Treating diarrhoea early is important (see **section 4**);
- if you vomit or feel sick (nausea);
- if you have unexplained symptoms such as yellowing of your skin or the white part of your eyes (jaundice), dark or brown (tea coloured) urine, pain on the upper right side of your stomach area (abdomen), bleeding or bruising more easily than normal, or feeling tired. These could be symptoms of serious liver problems;
- if you have severe pain in your stomach, fever, chills, sickness, vomiting, or abdominal rigidity or bloating, as these could be symptoms of a hole in the wall of your gut ("gastrointestinal perforation"). Also, tell your doctor if you had peptic ulcers or diverticular disease in the past, or are being concomitantly treated with anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) (used for pain relief and swelling) or steroids (used for inflammation and allergies), as this may increase the risk of gastrointestinal perforation;
- if you have a combination of severe pain or cramping in your stomach, red blood in your stool or diarrhoea as these could be symptoms of a bowel inflammation from inadequate blood supply;
- if you have pain, swelling, reddening, warmth of a limb as these could be symptoms of a blood clot in one of your veins (a type of blood vessel);

- if you have chest pressure or pain, typically on the left side of the body, pain in the neck, jaw, shoulder or arm, a fast heartbeat, shortness of breath, nausea, vomiting, as these could be symptoms of a heart attack;
- if you have any major bleeding;
- if you experience bruising, bleeding, fever, fatigue and confusion. This may be a sign of damage to blood vessels known as thrombotic microangiopathy (TMA).

Children and adolescents

NINTEDANIB CIPLA should not be taken by children and adolescents under 18 years of age.

Other medicines and NINTEDANIB CIPLA

Always tell your healthcare provider if you are taking any other medicine. (This includes complementary or traditional medicines.)

NINTEDANIB CIPLA can interact with certain other medicines.

*The following medicines are examples that may increase the levels of NINTEDANIB CIPLA in your blood, and hence may increase the risk for side effects (see **section 4**):*

- a medicine used to treat fungal infections (ketoconazole)
- a medicine used to treat bacterial infections (erythromycin)
- a medicine that affects your immune system (ciclosporin).

The following medicines are examples that may lower the levels of NINTEDANIB CIPLA in your blood and thus may reduce the effectiveness of NINTEDANIB CIPLA:

- an antibiotic used to treat tuberculosis (rifampicin)
- medicines to treat seizures (carbamazepine, phenytoin)
- a herbal medicine to treat depression (St. John’s wort).

NINTEDANIB CIPLA with food and drink

Take NINTEDANIB CIPLA with food. Swallow the capsules whole with water. See **section 3 "How to take NINTEDANIB CIPLA"**.

Pregnancy, breastfeeding and fertility

If you are pregnant or breastfeeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, please consult your doctor, pharmacist or other healthcare professional for advice before taking NINTEDANIB CIPLA.

Pregnancy

Do not take NINTEDANIB CIPLA during pregnancy, as it can harm your unborn baby and cause birth defects.

You must have a pregnancy test done to ensure you are not pregnant before starting treatment with NINTEDANIB CIPLA. Please talk to your doctor.

Contraception

- Women who can become pregnant must use a highly effective method of birth control to prevent pregnancy when they start taking NINTEDANIB CIPLA, while they are taking NINTEDANIB CIPLA and for at least 3 months after stopping treatment.
- You should discuss the most appropriate methods of contraception for you with your doctor.
- Vomiting and/or diarrhoea or other gastrointestinal conditions can affect the absorption of oral hormonal contraceptives, such as birth control pills, and may reduce their effectiveness. Therefore, if experiencing these, talk to your doctor to discuss an alternative more appropriate method of contraception.

Tell your doctor or pharmacist immediately if you become pregnant or think you may be pregnant during treatment with NINTEDANIB CIPLA.

Breastfeeding

Do not breastfeed your infant during the treatment with NINTEDANIB CIPLA since there may be a risk for harm to the breastfeeding child.

Driving and using machines

NINTEDANIB CIPLA may influence your ability to drive and use machines.

It is not always possible to predict to what extent NINTEDANIB CIPLA may interfere with the daily activities of a patient. Patients should ensure that they do not engage in the above activities until they are aware of the measure to which NINTEDANIB CIPLA affects them. You should not drive or use machines if you feel sick or until you know how NINTEDANIB CIPLA affects you.

NINTEDANIB CIPLA contains soya lecithin

If you are allergic to soya or peanuts, do not take NINTEDANIB CIPLA (see **section 2**).

3. How to use NINTEDANIB CIPLA

Do not share medicines prescribed for you with any other person.

Always take NINTEDANIB CIPLA exactly as your doctor or pharmacist has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are unsure.

The usual dose is one capsule of 150 mg 12 hourly (a total of 300 mg per day).

Take the capsules 12 hours apart at the same time every day, for example one capsule in the morning and one capsule in the evening. This ensures that a steady amount of nintedanib as in NINTEDANIB CIPLA is maintained in your blood stream. Swallow the whole capsules with water and do not chew the

capsules. It is recommended that you take the capsules with food, i.e., during or immediately before or after a meal. Do not open or crush the capsule (see **section 5**).
Do not take more than the usual dose of one NINTEDANIB CIPLA 150 mg capsule 12 hourly.
If you do not tolerate the recommended dose of one NINTEDANIB CIPLA 150 mg capsule 12 hourly (see possible side effects in section 4) your doctor may reduce the daily dose of NINTEDANIB CIPLA. Do not reduce the dose or stop the treatment by yourself without consulting your doctor first.

Your doctor may reduce your usual dose to 100 mg 12 hourly (a total of 200 mg per day). In this case your doctor will prescribe NINTEDANIB CIPLA 100 mg capsules for your treatment. Do not take more than the usual dose of one NINTEDANIB CIPLA 100 mg capsule 12 hourly if your daily dose was reduced to 200 mg per day.
If you do not tolerate the recommended dose of one NINTEDANIB CIPLA 100 mg capsule 12 hourly (see possible side effects in **section 4**) your doctor may advise you to stop taking this medicine. Do not reduce the dose or stop the treatment by yourself without consulting your doctor first.
Your doctor will tell you how long your treatment with NINTEDANIB CIPLA will last. Do not stop treatment early because it will affect the management of your condition.

If you have the impression that the effect of NINTEDANIB CIPLA is too strong or too weak, tell your doctor or pharmacist.

If you take more NINTEDANIB CIPLA than you should

In the event of overdosage, consult your doctor or pharmacist. If neither is available, contact the nearest hospital or poison control centre.

If you forget to take NINTEDANIB CIPLA

Do not take two capsules together if you have forgotten to take your earlier dose. You should take your next 100 mg or 150 mg dose of NINTEDANIB CIPLA as planned at the next scheduled time recommended by your doctor or pharmacist.

If you stop taking NINTEDANIB CIPLA

Do not stop taking NINTEDANIB CIPLA without consulting your doctor first. It is important to take NINTEDANIB CIPLA every day, as long as your doctor prescribes it for you.

If you have any further questions on the use of NINTEDANIB CIPLA, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

4. Possible side effects

NINTEDANIB CIPLA can have side effects.

Not all side effects reported for NINTEDANIB CIPLA are included in this leaflet. Should your general health worsen or if you experience any untoward effects while taking NINTEDANIB CIPLA, please consult your healthcare professional for advice.

Diarrhoea is frequently experienced

Diarrhoea may lead to dehydration: a loss of fluid and important salts (electrolytes, such as sodium or potassium) from your body. At the first signs of diarrhoea drink plenty of fluids and contact your doctor immediately. Start appropriate anti-diarrhoeal treatment, e.g., with loperamide, as soon as possible.

The following other side effects were observed during treatment with NINTEDANIB CIPLA:

Idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF)

Frequent

- Feeling sick (nausea)
- Pain in the lower body (abdomen)

- Abnormal liver test results
- Vomiting
- Loss of appetite
- Weight loss
- Bleeding
- Rash
- Headache

Less frequent

- Pancreatitis
- Inflammation of the large bowel
- Serious liver problems
- Low platelet count (thrombocytopenia)
- High blood pressure (hypertension)
- Jaundice, that is a yellow colour to the skin and whites of the eyes due to high levels of bilirubin
- Itching
- Heart attack
- Hair loss (alopecia)
- Increased amount of protein in your urine (proteinuria)

Not known *(cannot be estimated from the available data)*

- Renal failure
- An enlargement and weakening of a blood vessel wall or a tear in a blood vessel wall (aneurysms and artery dissections)

Other chronic fibrosing interstitial lung diseases (ILDs) with a progressive phenotype

Frequent

- Feeling sick (nausea)
- Vomiting
- Loss of appetite
- Pain in the lower body (abdomen)
- Abnormal liver test results
- Weight loss
- High blood pressure (hypertension)
- Bleeding
- Serious liver problems
- Rash
- Headache

Less frequent

- Pancreatitis
- Inflammation of the large bowel
- Low platelet count (thrombocytopenia)
- Jaundice, that is a yellow colour to the skin and whites of the eyes due to high levels of bilirubin
- Itching
- Heart attack
- Hair loss (alopecia)
- Increased amount of protein in your urine (proteinuria)

Not known *(cannot be estimated from the available data)*

- Renal failure

- An enlargement and weakening of a blood vessel wall or a tear in a blood vessel wall (aneurysms and artery dissections)

Systemic sclerosis associated interstitial lung disease (SSc-ILD)

Frequent

- Feeling sick (nausea)

- Vomiting

- Pain in the lower body (abdomen)

- Abnormal liver test results

- Bleeding

- High blood pressure (hypertension)

- Loss of appetite

- Weight loss

- Headache

Less frequent

- Inflammation of the large bowel

- Serious liver problems

- Renal failure

- Low platelet count (thrombocytopenia)

- Rash

- Itching

Not known *(cannot be estimated from the available data)*

- Heart attack

- Pancreatitis

- Jaundice, that is a yellow colour to the skin and whites of the eyes due to high levels of bilirubin

- An enlargement and weakening of a blood vessel wall or a tear in a blood vessel wall (aneurysms and artery dissections)

- Hair loss (alopecia)

- Increased amount of protein in your urine (proteinuria)

If you notice any side effects not mentioned in this leaflet, please inform your doctor or pharmacist.

Reporting of side effects

If you get side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects to SAHPRA via the **"6.04 Adverse Drug Reaction Reporting Form",** found online under SAHPRA's publications: https://www.sahpra.org.za/Publications/Index/8. or by e-mail to: drugsafetysa@cipla.com or telephone: 080 222 6662 (toll free). By reporting side effects, you can help provide more information on the safety of NINTEDANIB CIPLA.

5. How to store NINTEDANIB CIPLA

- Store at or below 25 °C.
- Store in the original package in order to protect from exposure to high humidity and avoid excessive heat.
- In order to protect from moisture, do not store in the bathroom.
- Store all medicines out of reach of children.

- If you are in contact with the content of the capsule, wash off your hands immediately with plenty of water.
- Do not use after the expiry date stated on the HDPE container.
- Return all unused medicine to your pharmacist.
- Do not dispose of unused medicine in drains or sewerage systems (e.g., toilets).

6. Contents of the pack and other information

What NINTEDANIB CIPLA contains

The active substance is nintedanib.

Each 100 mg soft gelatin capsules contains 120,40 mg nintedanib esylate equivalent to 100 mg nintedanib.

Each 150 mg soft gelatin capsules contains 180,60 mg nintedanib esylate equivalent to 150 mg nintedanib.

The other ingredients are:

Capsule fill:

Hard fat (softisan 378), lecithin (topcithin SB PCR Negative), medium chain triglyceride (miglyol 812 N)

Capsule shell:

Ferric oxide (red) (colour index number: 77491, E-number: E172), ferric oxide (yellow) (colour index number: 77492, E-number: E172), gelatin (gelita RXL), glycerin, titanium dioxide

What NINTEDANIB CIPLA looks like and contents of the pack

NINTEDANIB 100 CIPLA: Fluorescent yellow coloured homogeneous dispersion filled in brownish yellow, opaque, oblong soft gelatin capsules.

NINTEDANIB 150 CIPLA: Fluorescent yellow coloured homogeneous dispersion filled in light brown; opaque, oblong soft gelatin capsules.

NINTEDANIB CIPLA 100 mg capsules are packed in a 50 CC white round HDPE container with 33 mm 400 Argus LOC Blue Child Resistant cap or in a 100 CC white HDPE container with 38 mm 400 Argus LOC Blue Child Resistant cap.

NINTEDANIB CIPLA 150 mg capsules are packed in a 50 CC white round HDPE container with 33 mm 400 Argus LOC Blue Child Resistant cap or in a 75 CC white HDPE container with 38 mm 400 Argus LOC Blue Child Resistant cap.

Holder of Certificate of Registration

CIPLA MEDPRO (PTY) LTD.

Building 9

Parc du Cap

Mispel Street

Bellville

7530

RSA

Customer Care: 080 222 6662

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Access to the corresponding Professional Information

To access corresponding Professional Information, scan the QR Code below.

PLACE HOLDER: The QR Code to be generated and included after approval.