TELCARD 40 / 80

PATIENT INFORMATION LEAFLET

SCHEDULING STATUS

S3

TELCARD 40 tablets

TELCARD 80 tablets

Telmisartan

TELCARD 40: Contains sugar (134,140 mg lactose monohydrate) and sugar alcohol (100 mg sorbitol) per tablet.

TELCARD 80: Contains sugar (268,280 mg lactose monohydrate) and sugar alcohol (200 mg sorbitol) per tablet.

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking TELCARD.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, please ask your doctor, pharmacist, nurse or other health care provider.
- TELCARD has been prescribed for you personally and you should not share your medicine with other people. It may harm them, even if their symptoms are the same as yours.

What is in this leaflet

1. What TELCARD is and what it is used for.
2. What you need to know before you take TELCARD.
3. How to take TELCARD.
4. Possible side effects.
5. How to store TELCARD.
6. Contents of the pack and other information.

Sign: _____

1. What TELCARD is and what it is used for

TELCARD belongs to a class of medicines known as angiotensin II receptor antagonists.

Angiotensin II is a substance produced in your body which causes your blood vessels to narrow, thus increasing your blood pressure. TELCARD blocks the effect of angiotensin II so that the blood vessels relax, and your blood pressure is lowered.

TELCARD tablets are used for the treatment of high blood pressure in adults.

TELCARD tablets can also be used to reduce cardiovascular events (i.e. heart attack or stroke) and death in patients 55 years or older who are at high risk of cardiovascular disease.

2. What you need to know before you take TELCARD

Do not take TELCARD

- If you are allergic to telmisartan or any of the other ingredients of TELCARD (see section 6).
- If you have developed swelling of the face, lips, mouth, tongue or throat and giant wheals on your skin when previously taking medicines called angiotensin- converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitors or angiotensin receptor blockers (ARBs) – you should never take these medicines again.
- If your doctor has told you that the thickness of your heart muscle is abnormally increased (hypertrophic obstructive cardiomyopathy (HOCM).
- If you suffer from obstruction of blood vessels to your heart or kidneys.
- If you have severe kidney function problems.
- If you are currently taking potassium sparing diuretics (‘water tablets’) containing spironolactone, triamterene or amiloride.
- If you have porphyria (a rare hereditary disease).

- If you are currently taking lithium (used to treat some types of depression).
- Do not take TELCARD if you are pregnant, are considering becoming pregnant or are breastfeeding. A switch to a suitable alternative treatment should be carried out in advance of planned pregnancy.
- If you suffer from severe liver disease or biliary obstruction (a problem with the drainage of the bile from the gall bladder).
- If you are currently taking aliskiren-containing products.
- If you are taking a fluoroquinolone antibiotic (used to treat a variety of illnesses such as respiratory and urinary tract infections) if you have kidney problems or are elderly.

Warnings and precautions

Take special care with TELCARD and tell your doctor:

- If you become pregnant while taking TELCARD. You should stop treatment immediately and contact your doctor to change your medicine.
- If you suffer from kidney disease or have had a kidney transplant.
- If your body could be lacking in salt due to a low salt diet, or if you have recently lost a lot of body fluids due to taking diuretic medicines (water tablets), vomiting or diarrhoea.
- If you are already taking a medicine called an angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor.
- Contact your doctor to re-evaluate your treatment if you are treated with Angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitors/Angiotensin receptor blockers (ARBs) together with a fluoroquinolone antibiotic.
- If you have been told previously that you have raised aldosterone levels.
- If you have heart problems.
- If you have diabetes.
- If you have high potassium levels in your blood or use salt substitutes containing potassium.
- If you have liver problems.

Sign: _____

Children and adolescents

The safety and efficacy of TELCARD for use in children below 18 years have not been established.

Other medicines and TELCARD

Always tell your health care provider if you are taking any other medicine. This includes complementary or traditional medicines.

Your doctor may need to change the dose of these other medicines or take other precautions. In some cases, you may have to stop taking one of the medicines. This applies especially to the medicines listed below taken at the same time with TELCARD:

- Digoxin (used to treat various heart conditions).
- Medicines that may increase blood potassium levels such as salt substitutes containing potassium, potassium-sparing diuretics (certain 'water tablets'), ACE inhibitors, angiotensin II receptor antagonists, NSAIDs (non-steroidal anti-inflammatory medicines, e.g. aspirin or ibuprofen), heparin.
- Immunosuppressives (e.g. ciclosporin or tacrolimus), and the antibiotic trimethoprim.
- Lithium containing medicines (used to treat some types of depression).
- If you are taking an ACE-inhibitor or aliskiren (see also information under the headings “Do not take TELCARD” and “Warnings and precautions”).
- Diuretics ('water tablets'), especially if taken in high doses together with TELCARD, may lead to excessive loss of body water and low blood pressure (hypotension).

The effect of TELCARD may be reduced when you take NSAIDs (non-steroidal anti-inflammatory medicines, e.g. aspirin or ibuprofen) or corticosteroids.

TELCARD may increase the blood pressure lowering effect of other medicines used to treat high

blood pressure or of medicines with blood pressure lowering potential (e.g. baclofen, amifostine).

Concomitant use of fluoroquinolones and TELCARD may precipitate acute kidney injury.

Furthermore, alcohol, barbiturates, narcotics or antidepressants may aggravate low blood pressure. You may notice this as dizziness when standing up. You should consult with your doctor if you need to adjust the dose of your other medicine while taking TELCARD.

TELCARD with food, drink and alcohol

TELCARD can be taken with or without food.

Pregnancy, breastfeeding and fertility

If you are pregnant or breastfeeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, please consult your doctor, pharmacist or other health care provider for advice before taking TELCARD.

Do not take TELCARD if you are pregnant, are considering becoming pregnant or are breastfeeding.

If you are a woman of childbearing age, you must use effective contraception.

Driving and using machines

When driving vehicles or operating machinery, it should be taken into account that dizziness or drowsiness may occur when taking blood pressure lowering medication including TELCARD. You should not engage in the above activities until you are aware of the extent to which TELCARD affects you.

TELCARD contains sugar (lactose monohydrate and sorbitol)

If you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, consult your doctor before taking TELCARD.

3. How to take TELCARD

Do not share medicines prescribed for you with any other person. Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you. You should check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

Adults

The usual dose is 40 mg tablet once daily (preferably at about the same time each day) and swallowed with a drink of water. The dose may be increased to 80 mg in cases where the target blood pressure is not achieved.

Your doctor may prescribe TELCARD in combination with other blood pressure lowering medicines.

If you have the impression that the effect of TELCARD is too strong or too weak, tell your doctor or pharmacist.

If you take more TELCARD than you should

In the event of overdosage, consult your doctor or pharmacist. If neither is available, contact the nearest hospital or poison control centre.

If you forget to take TELCARD

Always take TELCARD as prescribed. If you have missed a dose, take it as soon as you remember. Do not take a double dose of TELCARD to make up for forgotten individual doses.

If you stop taking TELCARD

Do not stop taking TELCARD unless your doctor tells you to.

4. Possible side effects

TELCARD can have side effects.

Not all side effects reported for TELCARD are included in this leaflet. Should your general health worsen or if you experience any untoward effects while taking TELCARD, please consult your health care provider for advice.

If any of the following happens, stop taking TELCARD and tell your doctor immediately or go to the casualty department at your nearest hospital:

- Swelling of your hands, feet, ankles, face, lips, mouth or throat, which may cause difficulty in swallowing or breathing.
- Rash or itching.
- Fainting.

These are all very serious side effects. If you have them, you may have had a serious allergic reaction to TELCARD. You may need urgent medical attention or hospitalisation.

Tell your doctor immediately or go to the casualty department at your nearest hospital if you notice any of the following

- Severe, life-threatening infection (sepsis, also known as ’blood infection’) with possible fatal outcome.
- Changes in the way your heart beats, for example, if you notice it is beating faster, slower or irregular.
- Yellowing of the skin and eyes, dark coloured urine, feeling tired or weak which may be symptoms of liver problems or liver failure.
- Passing less urine than is normal for you which may be signs of serious kidney problems or

kidney failure.

These are all serious side effects. You may need urgent medical attention.

Tell your doctor if you notice any of the following

Frequent side effects

- Coughing.

Less frequently side effects

- Urinary tract infections, upper respiratory tract infections (e.g. sore throat, inflamed sinuses, common cold).
- Deficiency in red blood cells (anaemia), low platelet count (thrombocytopenia).
- High levels of potassium in your blood.
- Difficulty falling asleep, feeling sad (depression), feeling anxious.
- Fainting (syncope), feeling sleepy (somnolence).
- Problems with your vision.
- Feeling of spinning (vertigo).
- Low blood pressure (hypotension) in users treated for high blood pressure, dizziness on standing up (orthostatic hypotension).
- Shortness of breath, progressive scarring of lung tissue (interstitial lung disease).
- Abdominal pain, diarrhoea, discomfort in the abdomen, bloating, vomiting, dry mouth, upset stomach, taste disturbance (dysgeusia).
- Increased sweating, itching, drug rash, eczema (a skin disorder), redness of skin.
- Back pain, muscle cramps, muscle pain (myalgia), joint pain (arthralgia), pain in extremity.
- Chest pain, feeling of weakness (asthenia), flulike-illness.
- Increased level of creatinine in the blood, decreased haemoglobin (a blood protein), increased levels of uric acid, increased hepatic enzymes or creatine phosphokinase in the blood.

Sign: _____

Side effects with unknown frequency

- Increase in certain white blood cells (eosinophilia).
- Low blood sugar levels (in diabetic patients).
- Hives (urticaria).
- Tendon pain.

If you notice any side effects not mentioned in this leaflet, please inform your doctor or pharmacist.

Reporting of side effects

If you get side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. You can also report side effects to SAHPRA via the "**6.04 Adverse Drug Reactions Reporting Form**", found online under SAHPRA's publications: http://www.sahpra.org.za/Publications/Index/8.

By reporting side effects, you can help provide more information on the safety of TELCARD.

5. How to store TELCARD

- Store all medicines out of reach of children.
- Store at or below 25 °C.
- Store in a dry place.
- Keep the blister strips in the outer carton until required for use.
- Do not use after the expiry date stated on the package.
- Return all unused medicine to your pharmacist.
- Do not dispose of unused medicine in drains and sewerage systems (e.g. toilets).

6. Contents of the pack and other information

What TELCARD contains

TELCARD 40: The active substance is 40 mg telmisartan.

Sign: _____

TELCARD.80: The active substance is 80 mg telmisartan.

The other ingredients are ferric oxide red (colourant) (E172), lactose monohydrate, magnesium stearate (E572), meglumine, povidone, sodium hydroxide, sodium stearyl fumarate, sorbitol (E420).

What TELCARD looks like and contents of the pack

TELCARD 40: Mottled light brown to mottled brown coloured, oblong shaped, biconvex, uncoated tablets debossed with ‘40’ on one side and plain on the other side.

TELCARD 80: Mottled light brown to mottled brown coloured, oblong shaped, biconvex, uncoated tablets debossed with ‘80’ on one side and plain on the other side.

Silver aluminium/OPA/aluminium/PVC blister strips containing 7 or 10 tablets, packed into an outer container.

Pack size: 28 or 30 tablets.

Holder of certificate of registration

Zydus Healthcare SA (Pty) Ltd

Southdowns Office Park

Building B, Ground Floor

22 Karee Street

Centurion, Pretoria

0157

Tel: 012 748 6400

This leaflet was last revised in

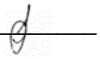
12 July 2022

Sign: _____

Registration numbers

TELCARD 40: 47/7.1.3/0275

TELCARD 80: 47/7.1.3/0276

Sign: 

TELMISARTAN 40 / 80 ZYDUS

PATIENT INFORMATION LEAFLET

SCHEDULING STATUS

S3

TELMISARTAN 40 ZYDUS tablets

TELMISARTAN 80 ZYDUS tablets

Telmisartan

TELMISARTAN 40 ZYDUS: Contains sugar (134,140 mg lactose monohydrate) and sugar alcohol (100 mg sorbitol) per tablet.

TELMISARTAN 80 ZYDUS: Contains sugar (268,280 mg lactose monohydrate) and sugar alcohol (200 mg sorbitol) per tablet.

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking TELMISARTAN ZYDUS.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, please ask your doctor, pharmacist, nurse or other health care provider.
- TELMISARTAN ZYDUS has been prescribed for you personally and you should not share your medicine with other people. It may harm them, even if their symptoms are the same as yours.

What is in this leaflet

1. What TELMISARTAN ZYDUS is and what it is used for.
2. What you need to know before you take TELMISARTAN ZYDUS.
3. How to take TELMISARTAN ZYDUS.
4. Possible side effects.
5. How to store TELMISARTAN ZYDUS.

Sign: _____

6. Contents of the pack and other information.

1. What TELMISARTAN ZYDUS is and what it is used for

TELMISARTAN ZYDUS belongs to a class of medicines known as angiotensin II receptor antagonists.

Angiotensin II is a substance produced in your body which causes your blood vessels to narrow, thus increasing your blood pressure. TELMISARTAN ZYDUS blocks the effect of angiotensin II so that the blood vessels relax, and your blood pressure is lowered.

TELMISARTAN ZYDUS tablets are used for the treatment of high blood pressure in adults.

TELMISARTAN ZYDUS tablets can also be used to reduce cardiovascular events (i.e. heart attack or stroke) and death in patients 55 years or older who are at high risk of cardiovascular disease.

2. What you need to know before you take TELMISARTAN ZYDUS

Do not take TELMISARTAN ZYDUS

- If you are allergic to telmisartan or any of the other ingredients of TELMISARTAN ZYDUS (see section 6).
- If you have developed swelling of the face, lips, mouth, tongue or throat and giant wheals on your skin when previously taking medicines called angiotensin- converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitors or angiotensin receptor blockers (ARBs) – you should never take these medicines again.
- If your doctor has told you that the thickness of your heart muscle is abnormally increased (hypertrophic obstructive cardiomyopathy (HOCM).
- If you suffer from obstruction of blood vessels to your heart or kidneys.

- If you have severe kidney function problems.
- If you are currently taking potassium sparing diuretics (‘water tablets’) containing spironolactone, triamterene or amiloride.
- If you have porphyria (a rare hereditary disease).
- If you are currently taking lithium (used to treat some types of depression).
- Do not take TELMISARTAN ZYDUS if you are pregnant, are considering becoming pregnant or are breastfeeding. A switch to a suitable alternative treatment should be carried out in advance of planned pregnancy.
- If you suffer from severe liver disease or biliary obstruction (a problem with the drainage of the bile from the gall bladder).
- If you are currently taking aliskiren-containing products.
- If you are taking a fluoroquinolone antibiotic (used to treat a variety of illnesses such as respiratory and urinary tract infections) if you have kidney problems or are elderly.

Warnings and precautions

Take special care with TELMISARTAN ZYDUS and tell your doctor:

- If you become pregnant while taking TELMISARTAN ZYDUS. You should stop treatment immediately and contact your doctor to change your medicine.
- If you suffer from kidney disease or have had a kidney transplant.
- If your body could be lacking in salt due to a low salt diet, or if you have recently lost a lot of body fluids due to taking diuretic medicines (water tablets), vomiting or diarrhoea.
- If you are already taking a medicine called an angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor.
- Contact your doctor to re-evaluate your treatment if you are treated with Angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitors/Angiotensin receptor blockers (ARBs) together with a fluoroquinolone antibiotic.
- If you have been told previously that you have raised aldosterone levels.

Sign: _____

- If you have heart problems.
- If you have diabetes.
- If you have high potassium levels in your blood or use salt substitutes containing potassium.
- If you have liver problems.

Children and adolescents

The safety and efficacy of TELMISARTAN ZYDUS for use in children below 18 years have not been established.

Other medicines and TELMISARTAN ZYDUS

Always tell your health care provider if you are taking any other medicine. This includes complementary or traditional medicines.

Your doctor may need to change the dose of these other medicines or take other precautions. In some cases, you may have to stop taking one of the medicines. This applies especially to the medicines listed below taken at the same time with TELMISARTAN ZYDUS:

- Digoxin (used to treat various heart conditions).
- Medicines that may increase blood potassium levels such as salt substitutes containing potassium, potassium-sparing diuretics (certain 'water tablets'), ACE inhibitors, angiotensin II receptor antagonists, NSAIDs (non-steroidal anti-inflammatory medicines, e.g. aspirin or ibuprofen), heparin.
- Immunosuppressives (e.g. ciclosporin or tacrolimus), and the antibiotic trimethoprim.
- Lithium containing medicines (used to treat some types of depression).
- If you are taking an ACE-inhibitor or aliskiren (see also information under the headings “Do not take TELMISARTAN ZYDUS” and “Warnings and precautions”).
- Diuretics ('water tablets'), especially if taken in high doses together with TELMISARTAN ZYDUS, may lead to excessive loss of body water and low blood pressure (hypotension).

The effect of TELMISARTAN ZYDUS may be reduced when you take NSAIDs (non-steroidal anti-inflammatory medicines, e.g. aspirin or ibuprofen) or corticosteroids.

TELMISARTAN ZYDUS may increase the blood pressure lowering effect of other medicines used to treat high blood pressure or of medicines with blood pressure lowering potential (e.g. baclofen, amifostine).

Concomitant use of fluoroquinolones and TELMISARTAN ZYDUS may precipitate acute kidney injury.

Furthermore, alcohol, barbiturates, narcotics or antidepressants may aggravate low blood pressure. You may notice this as dizziness when standing up. You should consult with your doctor if you need to adjust the dose of your other medicine while taking TELMISARTAN ZYDUS.

TELMISARTAN ZYDUS with food, drink and alcohol

TELMISARTAN ZYDUS can be taken with or without food.

Pregnancy, breastfeeding and fertility

If you are pregnant or breastfeeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, please consult your doctor, pharmacist or other health care provider for advice before taking TELMISARTAN ZYDUS.

Do not take TELMISARTAN ZYDUS if you are pregnant, are considering becoming pregnant or are breastfeeding.

If you are a woman of childbearing age, you must use effective contraception.

Driving and using machines

When driving vehicles or operating machinery, it should be taken into account that dizziness or drowsiness may occur when taking blood pressure lowering medication including TELMISARTAN ZYDUS. You should not engage in the above activities until you are aware of the extent to which TELMISARTAN ZYDUS affects you.

TELMISARTAN ZYDUS contains sugar (lactose monohydrate and sorbitol)

If you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, consult your doctor before taking TELMISARTAN ZYDUS.

3. How to take TELMISARTAN ZYDUS

Do not share medicines prescribed for you with any other person. Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you. You should check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

Adults

The usual dose is 40 mg tablet once daily (preferably at about the same time each day) and swallowed with a drink of water. The dose may be increased to 80 mg in cases where the target blood pressure is not achieved.

Your doctor may prescribe TELMISARTAN ZYDUS in combination with other blood pressure lowering medicines.

If you have the impression that the effect of TELMISARTAN ZYDUS is too strong or too weak, tell your doctor or pharmacist.

If you take more TELMISARTAN ZYDUS than you should

In the event of overdosage, consult your doctor or pharmacist. If neither is available, contact the

nearest hospital or poison control centre.

If you forget to take TELMISARTAN ZYDUS

Always take TELMISARTAN ZYDUS as prescribed. If you have missed a dose, take it as soon as you remember. Do not take a double dose of TELMISARTAN ZYDUS to make up for forgotten individual doses.

If you stop taking TELMISARTAN ZYDUS

Do not stop taking TELMISARTAN ZYDUS unless your doctor tells you to.

4. Possible side effects

TELMISARTAN ZYDUS can have side effects.

Not all side effects reported for TELMISARTAN ZYDUS are included in this leaflet. Should your general health worsen or if you experience any untoward effects while taking TELMISARTAN ZYDUS, please consult your health care provider for advice.

If any of the following happens, stop taking TELMISARTAN ZYDUS and tell your doctor immediately or go to the casualty department at your nearest hospital:

- Swelling of your hands, feet, ankles, face, lips, mouth or throat, which may cause difficulty in swallowing or breathing.
- Rash or itching.
- Fainting.

These are all very serious side effects. If you have them, you may have had a serious allergic reaction to TELMISARTAN ZYDUS. You may need urgent medical attention or hospitalisation.

Tell your doctor immediately or go to the casualty department at your nearest hospital if you notice any of the following

- Severe, life-threatening infection (sepsis, also known as ’blood infection’) with possible fatal outcome.
- Changes in the way your heart beats, for example, if you notice it is beating faster, slower or irregular.
- Yellowing of the skin and eyes, dark coloured urine, feeling tired or weak which may be symptoms of liver problems or liver failure.
- Passing less urine than is normal for you which may be signs of serious kidney problems or kidney failure.

These are all serious side effects. You may need urgent medical attention.

Tell your doctor if you notice any of the following

Frequent side effects

- Coughing.

Less frequently side effects

- Urinary tract infections, upper respiratory tract infections (e.g. sore throat, inflamed sinuses, common cold).
- Deficiency in red blood cells (anaemia), low platelet count (thrombocytopenia).
- High levels of potassium in your blood.
- Difficulty falling asleep, feeling sad (depression), feeling anxious.
- Fainting (syncope), feeling sleepy (somnolence).
- Problems with your vision.
- Feeling of spinning (vertigo).
- Low blood pressure (hypotension) in users treated for high blood pressure, dizziness on standing up (orthostatic hypotension).

Sign: _____

- Shortness of breath, progressive scarring of lung tissue (interstitial lung disease).
- Abdominal pain, diarrhoea, discomfort in the abdomen, bloating, vomiting, dry mouth, upset stomach, taste disturbance (dysgeusia).
- Increased sweating, itching, drug rash, eczema (a skin disorder), redness of skin.
- Back pain, muscle cramps, muscle pain (myalgia), joint pain (arthralgia), pain in extremity.
- Chest pain, feeling of weakness (asthenia), flulike-illness.
- Increased level of creatinine in the blood, decreased haemoglobin (a blood protein), increased levels of uric acid, increased hepatic enzymes or creatine phosphokinase in the blood.

Side effects with unknown frequency

- Increase in certain white blood cells (eosinophilia).
- Low blood sugar levels (in diabetic patients).
- Hives (urticaria).
- Tendon pain.

If you notice any side effects not mentioned in this leaflet, please inform your doctor or pharmacist.

Reporting of side effects

If you get side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. You can also report side effects to SAHPRA via the "**6.04 Adverse Drug Reactions Reporting Form**", found online under SAHPRA's publications: http://www.sahpra.org.za/Publications/Index/8.

By reporting side effects, you can help provide more information on the safety of TELMISARTAN ZYDUS.

Sign: _____

5. How to store TELMISARTAN ZYDUS

- Store all medicines out of reach of children.
- Store at or below 25 °C.
- Store in a dry place.
- Keep the blister strips in the outer carton until required for use.
- Do not use after the expiry date stated on the package.
- Return all unused medicine to your pharmacist.
- Do not dispose of unused medicine in drains and sewerage systems (e.g. toilets).

6. Contents of the pack and other information

What TELMISARTAN ZYDUS contains

TELMISARTAN ZYDUS 40: The active substance is 40 mg telmisartan.

TELMISARTAN ZYDUS.80: The active substance is 80 mg telmisartan.

The other ingredients are ferric oxide red (colourant) (E172), lactose monohydrate, magnesium stearate (E572), meglumine, povidone, sodium hydroxide, sodium stearyl fumarate, sorbitol (E420).

What TELMISARTAN ZYDUS looks like and contents of the pack

TELMISARTAN 40 ZYDUS: Mottled light brown to mottled brown coloured, oblong shaped, biconvex, uncoated tablets debossed with ‘40’ on one side and plain on the other side.

TELMISARTAN 80 ZYDUS: Mottled light brown to mottled brown coloured, oblong shaped, biconvex, uncoated tablets debossed with ‘80’ on one side and plain on the other side.

Silver aluminium/OPA/aluminium/PVC blister strips containing 7 or 10 tablets, packed into an outer container.

Pack size: 28 or 30 tablets.

Holder of certificate of registration

Zydus Healthcare SA (Pty) Ltd

Southdowns Office Park

Building B, Ground Floor

22 Karee Street

Centurion, Pretoria

0157

Tel: 012 748 6400

This leaflet was last revised in

12 July 2022

Registration numbers

TELMISARTAN 40 ZYDUS: 47/7.1.3/0273

TELMISARTAN 80 ZYDUS: 47/7.1.3/0274

Sign: _____